

Wheelock Chapter 11
Personal Pronouns

Learn the declension of the following nouns and pronouns.

agricola, agricolae, m. (1): *farmer*

servus, servī, m. (2): *slave*

mīles, mīlītis, m. (3): *soldier*

virgō, virginis, f. (3): *maiden*

ego, meī, mihi, mē, mē: *I, me, etc.*

tū, tuī, tibi, tē, tē: *you*

nōs, nostrum, nōbīs, nōs, nōbīs: *we, us, etc.*

vōs, vestrum, vōbīs, vōs, vōbīs: *you*

Also learn the uses of the preposition **cum** (“with”, + *abl.*) with pronouns.

Give the appropriate Latin case forms, as required:

1. “we maidens” : _____
2. “for you soldiers”: _____
3. “us slaves” (*direct object*): _____
4. “you farmers” (*subject*): _____
5. “for me, a soldier”: _____
6. “for you, a maiden”: _____
7. “you, a farmer” (*dir. obj.*): _____
8. “I, a maiden”: _____
9. “us farmers” (*direct object*): _____
10. “for you, a slave”: _____
11. “of a farmer”: _____
12. “you, a soldier” (*subj.*): _____
13. “for us maidens” : _____
14. “with (**cum**) a soldier” : _____
15. “of a maiden” : _____
16. “we soldiers” : _____
17. “I, a farmer” : _____
18. “with (**cum**) us” : _____
19. “of the soldiers” : _____
20. “us maidens” (*dir. obj.*): _____

Paradigms

Nouns

agricola, agricolae, m. (1) *farmer*
mīles, mīlitis, m. (3) *soldier*

servus, servī, m. (2) *slave*
virgō, virginis, f. (3) *maiden*
 (Noun stems are underlined)

	1st Declension	2nd Declension	3rd Declension	
<u>Sing.</u> N.	<i>puella</i>	<i>servus</i>	<i>mīles</i>	<i>virgō</i>
G.	<i>puellae</i>	<i>servī</i>	<i>mīlitis</i>	<i>virginis</i>
D.	<i>puellae</i>	<i>servō</i>	<i>mīlitī</i>	<i>virginī</i>
Acc.	<i>puellam</i>	<i>servum</i>	<i>mīlitem</i>	<i>virginem</i>
Abl.	<i>puellā</i>	<i>servō</i>	<i>mīlite</i>	<i>virgine</i>
<u>Plur.</u> N.	<i>puellae</i>	<i>servī</i>	<i>mīlitēs</i>	<i>virginēs</i>
G.	<i>puellārum</i>	<i>servōrum</i>	<i>mīlitum</i>	<i>virginum</i>
D.	<i>puellīs</i>	<i>servīs</i>	<i>mīlitibus</i>	<i>virginibus</i>
Acc.	<i>puellās</i>	<i>servōs</i>	<i>mīlitēs</i>	<i>virginēs</i>
Abl.	<i>puellīs</i>	<i>servīs</i>	<i>mīlitibus</i>	<i>virginibus</i>

Personal Pronouns

	<u>First Singular</u>	<u>Second Singular</u>
<u>Nom.</u>	<i>ego</i> “I”	<i>tū</i> “you (s.)” (<i>subj.</i>)
<u>Gen.</u>	<i>meī</i> “of me”	<i>tuī</i> “of you (s.)”
<u>Dat.</u>	<i>mihi</i> “for me”	<i>tibi</i> “for you (s.)”
<u>Acc.</u>	<i>mē</i> “me” (<i>dir. obj.</i>)	<i>tē</i> “you (s.)” (<i>dir. obj.</i>)
<u>Abl.</u>	<i>mē, mēcum</i> “with me”	<i>tē, tēcum</i> “with you (s.)”
	<u>First Plural</u>	<u>Second Plural</u>
<u>Nom.</u>	<i>nōs</i> “we”	<i>vōs</i> “you (pl.)” (<i>subj.</i>)
<u>Gen.</u>	[<i>nōstrum/nōstrī</i> “of us”]	[<i>vestrum/estrī</i> “of you (pl.)”]
<u>Dat.</u>	<i>nōbīs</i> “for us”	<i>vōbīs</i> “for you (pl.)”
<u>Acc.</u>	<i>nōs</i> “us” (<i>dir. obj.</i>)	<i>vōs</i> “you (pl.)” (<i>dir. obj.</i>)
<u>Abl.</u>	<i>nōbīs, nōbīscum</i> “with us”	<i>vōbīs, vōbīscum</i> “with you (pl.)”

Note that with the personal pronoun the preposition **cum** is enclitic, i.e., **cum** comes *after* the pronoun and is written as a single word together with it: **tēcum**, “with you”, and not **cum tē**. The demonstrative adjectives used pronominally do *not* act in this way: **cum illō**, **cum eō**, etc.

WorksheetDecline the appositive noun phrase.

- | | | | |
|----|--------------------------|-------|------------------------|
| 1. | <i>'I, a soldier':</i> | | <i>'we soldiers':</i> |
| | <u>Sing.</u> N. | _____ | <u>Plur.</u> N. |
| | Gen. | _____ | Gen. |
| | Dat. | _____ | Dat. |
| | Acc. | _____ | Acc. |
| | Abl. | _____ | Abl. |
| 2. | <i>'you, a soldier':</i> | | <i>'you soldiers':</i> |
| | <u>Sing.</u> N. | _____ | <u>Plur.</u> N. |
| | Gen. | _____ | Gen. |
| | Dat. | _____ | Dat. |
| | Acc. | _____ | Acc. |
| | Abl. | _____ | Abl. |
| 3. | <i>'I, a farmer':</i> | | <i>'we farmers':</i> |
| | <u>Sing.</u> N. | _____ | <u>Plur.</u> N. |
| | Gen. | _____ | Gen. |
| | Dat. | _____ | Dat. |
| | Acc. | _____ | Acc. |
| | Abl. | _____ | Abl. |
| 4. | <i>'you, a farmer':</i> | | <i>'you farmers':</i> |
| | <u>Sing.</u> N. | _____ | <u>Plur.</u> N. |
| | Gen. | _____ | Gen. |
| | Dat. | _____ | Dat. |
| | Acc. | _____ | Acc. |
| | Abl. | _____ | Abl. |
| 5. | <i>'I, a slave':</i> | | <i>'we slaves':</i> |
| | <u>Sing.</u> N. | _____ | <u>Plur.</u> N. |
| | Gen. | _____ | Gen. |
| | Dat. | _____ | Dat. |
| | Acc. | _____ | Acc. |
| | Abl. | _____ | Abl. |
| 6. | <i>'you, a slave':</i> | | <i>'you slaves':</i> |
| | <u>Sing.</u> N. | _____ | <u>Plur.</u> N. |
| | Gen. | _____ | Gen. |
| | Dat. | _____ | Dat. |
| | Acc. | _____ | Acc. |
| | Abl. | _____ | Abl. |

Translate into Latin:

1. "of the maidens" : _____
2. "for me, a farmer": _____
3. "us soldiers" (*direct object*): _____
4. "you, a maiden" (*subject*): _____
5. "with (**cum**) me, a soldier": _____
6. "for a maiden": _____
7. "of slaves" : _____
8. "I, a slave": _____
9. "we farmers" : _____
10. "for you soldiers": _____
11. "of the soldier" : _____
12. "for you maidens": _____
13. "us slaves" (*direct object*): _____
14. "I, a maiden": _____
15. "with (**cum**) you, a farmer": _____
16. "for a maiden": _____
17. "of farmers" : _____
18. "I, a soldier": _____
19. "for us farmers" : _____
20. "for you, a soldier": _____
21. "I, a soldier" : _____
22. "for me, a maiden": _____
23. "you farmers" (*direct object*): _____
24. "we maidens": _____
25. "with (**cum**) me": _____
26. "for a slave": _____
27. "of a soldier" : _____

Learn the declension of following *adjectives*:

is, ea, id “that”

īdem, eadem, idem “the same”

Give the appropriate Latin case forms, as required:

		<i>CASE</i>	<i>NUMBER</i>	<i>GENDER</i>	
1.	<i>is</i> :	NOM.	PL.	NEUT.	_____
2.	<i>īdem</i> :	GEN.	S.	FEM.	_____
3.	<i>is</i> :	ACC.	PL.	MASC.	_____
4.	<i>īdem</i> :	DAT.	PL.	NEUT.	_____
5.	<i>is</i> :	NOM.	PL.	FEM.	_____
6.	<i>īdem</i> :	ABL.	S.	FEM.	_____
7.	<i>is</i> :	ACC.	S.	MASC.	_____
8.	<i>īdem</i> :	GEN.	PL.	FEM.	_____
9.	<i>is</i> :	ACC.	S.	NEUT.	_____
10.	<i>īdem</i> :	DAT.	S.	FEM.	_____
11.	<i>is</i> :	GEN.	PL.	MASC.	_____
12.	<i>īdem</i> :	ACC.	S.	FEM.	_____
13.	<i>is</i> :	ABL.	S.	NEUT.	_____
14.	<i>īdem</i> :	ACC.	S.	NEUT.	_____
15.	<i>is</i> :	ACC.	PL.	NEUT.	_____
16.	<i>īdem</i> :	ACC.	S.	MASC.	_____
17.	<i>is</i> :	NOM.	S.	MASC.	_____
18.	<i>īdem</i> :	GEN.	S.	MASC.	_____
19.	<i>is</i> :	DAT.	S.	MASC.	_____
20.	<i>īdem</i> :	ABL.	PL.	FEM.	_____
21.	<i>is</i> :	NOM.	PL.	MASC.	_____
22.	<i>īdem</i> :	ABL.	S.	NEUT.	_____
23.	<i>is</i> :	ABL.	PL.	MASC.	_____
24.	<i>īdem</i> :	DAT.	S.	FEM.	_____

Paradigms
Demonstrative Adjectives: IS, IDEM

is (“that; those”)

	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter
<u>Sing.</u> N.	<i>is</i>	<i>ea</i>	<i>id</i>
G.	<i>ēius</i>	<i>ēius</i>	<i>ēius</i>
D.	<i>eī</i>	<i>eī</i>	<i>eī</i>
Acc.	<i>eum</i>	<i>eam</i>	<i>id</i>
Abl.	<i>eō</i>	<i>eā</i>	<i>eō</i>

<u>Plur.</u> N.	<i>eī</i>	<i>ae</i>	<i>ea</i>
G.	<i>eōrum</i>	<i>eārum</i>	<i>eōrum</i>
D.	<i>eīs</i>	<i>eīs</i>	<i>eīs</i>
Acc.	<i>eōs</i>	<i>eās</i>	<i>ea</i>
Abl.	<i>eīs</i>	<i>eīs</i>	<i>eīs</i>

īdem (“the same”)

	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter
<u>Sing.</u> N.	<i>īdem</i>	<i>eadem</i>	<i>idem</i>
G.	<i>ēiusdem</i>	<i>ēiusdem</i>	<i>ēiusdem</i>
D.	<i>eīdem</i>	<i>eīdem</i>	<i>eīdem</i>
Acc.	<i>eundem</i>	<i>eandem</i>	<i>idem</i>
Abl.	<i>eōdem</i>	<i>eādem</i>	<i>eōdem</i>

<u>Plur.</u> N.	<i>īdem</i>	<i>eadem</i>	<i>eadem</i>
G.	<i>eōrundem</i>	<i>eārundem</i>	<i>eōrundem</i>
D.	<i>eīsdem</i>	<i>eīsdem</i>	<i>eīsdem</i>
Acc.	<i>eōsdem</i>	<i>eāsdem</i>	<i>eadem</i>
Abl.	<i>eīsdem</i>	<i>eīsdem</i>	<i>eīsdem</i>