

Spring 2010

**W2b**  
**Preparation for Q<sup>1</sup>**  
**Wheelock Chapter 23**

**Complete by M. 8 or Tu. 9 February.**

Your next Latin assessment will be given on W. 10 or Th. 11 February. You are responsible for the following material:

Know the formation and declension of the participles (*present active, future active, future passive, perfect passive*) of the following verbs (note that principal parts will be supplied on the quiz.):

**audiō, audīre, audīvī, audītum**  
**capiō, capere, cēpī, captum**  
**dō, dare, dedī, datum**  
**moneō, monēre, monuī, monitum**  
**scribō, scribere, scrīpsī, scriptum**

There will be 10 problems in the following format:

Generate the correct form of the Latin participle as required.

	<i>Verb</i>	<i>Tense</i>	<i>Voice</i>	<i>Case</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Gender</i>	<i>Form</i>
1.	DO:	PRES.	ACT.	NOM.	SING.	MASC.	_____
2.	SCRIBO:	FUT.	ACT.	DAT.	PLUR.	FEM.	_____
3.	CAPIO:	PERF.	PASS.	ACC.	SING.	FEM.	_____
4.	MONEO:	FUT.	PASS.	GEN.	PLUR.	MASC.	_____
5.	AUDIO:	PRES.	ACT.	ABL.	SING.	FEM.	_____
6.	DO:	PERF.	PASS.	ACC.	SING.	NEUT.	_____
7.	SCRIBO:	PRES.	ACT.	NOM.	PLUR.	MASC.	_____
8.	CAPIO:	FUT.	ACT.	GEN.	SING.	FEM.	_____
9.	MONEO:	PERF.	PASS.	GEN.	PLUR.	MASC.	_____
10.	AUDIO:	FUT.	PASS.	NOM.	PLUR.	NEUT.	_____
11.	DO:	FUT.	ACT.	DAT.	SING.	MASC.	_____
12.	SCRIBO:	PERF.	PASS.	NOM.	PLUR.	NEUT.	_____
13.	CAPIO:	PRES.	ACT.	ABL.	PLUR.	FEM.	_____
14.	MONEO:	PRES.	ACT.	DAT.	SING.	MASC.	_____
15.	AUDIO:	PERF.	PASS.	GEN.	SING.	NEUT.	_____
16.	DO:	FUT.	PASS.	ABL.	SING.	MASC.	_____
17.	SCRIBO:	FUT.	PASS.	ACC.	SING.	NEUT.	_____
18.	CAPIO:	FUT.	PASS.	ACC.	PLUR.	FEM.	_____
19.	MONEO:	FUT.	ACT.	DAT.	SING.	MASC.	_____
20.	AUDIO:	FUT.	ACT.	ACC.	PLUR.	MASC.	_____

**Quiz 1 Retake Deadline: Friday 19 February**

### *Participles*

Participles are verbal adjectives, formed from verbal stems. (The name denotes the fact that they *participate* in the nature of both verbs and adjectives.) Participles have both verbal aspect and voice; as adjectives they have declension – i.e., they show case and number, and they reflect gender.

The three verbal aspects of Latin participles are imperfective, perfective and prospective, which correspond to present, perfect and future tenses. The two verbal modes or voices are active and passive. The Latin participial system, however, lacks a present passive and a perfect active participle. The system hence appears as follows:

	<u>Active</u>	<u>Passive</u>
<b><i>Imperfective</i></b> (‘Present’)	<b>portāns</b> (‘carrying’)	—
<b><i>Perfective</i></b> (‘Perfect’)	—	<b>portātus</b> (‘having been carried’)
<b><i>Prospective</i></b> (‘Future’)	<b>portātūrus</b> (‘being about to carry’)	<b>portandus</b> (‘going to be carried’)

The present participle is a third-declension adjective of one termination; the perfect passive, and future participles are regular first-, second-declension adjectives of the **-us, -a, -um** type.

#### Formation of Participles

Present participles:	‘present’ or imperfective stem + <b>-ns, -ntis, etc.:</b> <b>portāns, gen. portantis</b> <b>monēns, gen. monentis</b> <b>pōnēns, gen. pōnentis</b> <b>capiēns, gen. capientis</b> <b>pūniēns, gen. pūnientis</b>
Future passive participles:	‘present’ or imperfective stem + <b>-ndus, -a, -um, etc.:</b> <b>portandus, -a, -um</b> <b>monendus, -a, -um</b> <b>pōnendus, -a, -um</b> <b>capiendus, -a, -um</b> <b>pūniendus, -a, -um</b>
Perfect passive participles:	‘supine’ stem (= <i>fourth principal part</i> ) + <b>-us, -a, -um, etc.:</b> <b>portātus, -a, -um</b> <b>monitus, -a, -um</b> <b>positus, -a, -um</b> <b>captus, -a, -um</b> <b>pūnītus, -a, -um</b>

Future active participles: 'supine' stem (= *fourth principal part*) + **-ūrus, -a, -um, etc.:**

**portātūrus, -a, -um**

**monitūrus, -a, -um**

**positūrus, -a, -um**

**captūrus, -a, -um**

**pūnitūrus, -a, -um**

### *Paradigms*

#### Present Participles

*portāns* 'carrying'

<u>Singular</u>			<u>Plural</u>		
	<b>Masc./Fem.</b>	<b>Neut.</b>		<b>Masc./Fem.</b>	<b>Neut.</b>
N.	<i>portāns</i>	<i>portāns</i>	N.	<i>portantēs</i>	<i>portantia</i>
G.	<i>portantis</i>	<i>portantis</i>	G.	<i>portantium</i>	<i>portantium</i>
D.	<i>portantī</i>	<i>portantī</i>	D.	<i>portantibus</i>	<i>portantibus</i>
Acc.	<i>portantem</i>	<i>portāns</i>	Acc.	<i>portantēs</i>	<i>portantia</i>
Abl.	<i>portantī (-e)</i>	<i>portantī (-e)</i>	Abl.	<i>portantibus</i>	<i>portantibus</i>

*monēns* 'warning'

<u>Singular</u>			<u>Plural</u>		
	<b>Masc./Fem.</b>	<b>Neut.</b>		<b>Masc./Fem.</b>	<b>Neut.</b>
N.	<i>monēns</i>	<i>monēns</i>	N.	<i>monentēs</i>	<i>monentia</i>
G.	<i>monentis</i>	<i>monentis</i>	G.	<i>monentium</i>	<i>monentium</i>
D.	<i>monentī</i>	<i>monentī</i>	D.	<i>monentibus</i>	<i>monentibus</i>
Acc.	<i>monentem</i>	<i>monens</i>	Acc.	<i>monentēs</i>	<i>monentia</i>
Abl.	<i>monentī (-e)</i>	<i>monentī (-e)</i>	Abl.	<i>monentibus</i>	<i>monentibus</i>

*pōnēns* 'placing'

<u>Singular</u>			<u>Plural</u>		
	<b>Masc./Fem.</b>	<b>Neut.</b>		<b>Masc./Fem.</b>	<b>Neut.</b>
N.	<i>pōnēns</i>	<i>pōnēns</i>	N.	<i>pōnentēs</i>	<i>pōnentia</i>
G.	<i>pōnentis</i>	<i>pōnentis</i>	G.	<i>pōnentium</i>	<i>pōnentium</i>
D.	<i>pōnentī</i>	<i>pōnentī</i>	D.	<i>pōnentibus</i>	<i>pōnentibus</i>
Acc.	<i>pōnentem</i>	<i>pōnens</i>	Acc.	<i>pōnentēs</i>	<i>pōnentia</i>
Abl.	<i>pōnentī (-e)</i>	<i>pōnentī (-e)</i>	Abl.	<i>pōnentibus</i>	<i>pōnentibus</i>

*pūniēns* 'punishing'

<u>Singular</u>			<u>Plural</u>		
	<b>Masc./Fem.</b>	<b>Neut.</b>		<b>Masc./Fem.</b>	<b>Neut.</b>
N.	<i>pūniēns</i>	<i>pūniēns</i>	N.	<i>pūnientēs</i>	<i>pūnientia</i>
G.	<i>pūnientis</i>	<i>pūnientis</i>	G.	<i>pūnientium</i>	<i>pūnientium</i>
D.	<i>pūnientī</i>	<i>pūnientī</i>	D.	<i>pūnientibus</i>	<i>pūnientibus</i>
Acc.	<i>pūnientem</i>	<i>pūniēns</i>	Acc.	<i>pūnientēs</i>	<i>pūnientia</i>
Abl.	<i>pūnientī (-e)</i>	<i>pūnientī (-e)</i>	Abl.	<i>pūnientibus</i>	<i>pūnientibus</i>

\_\_\_ 3 (*ipsissimō diē*)

\_\_\_ 2 (*postrīdiē*)

\_\_\_ 1 (*serō*)

\_\_\_ 0 (*nīl*)