

Cambridge Stage 9
Worksheet: Dative Case

āctor, āctōrem (3) – *actor*
pater, patrem (3) – *father*

poēta, poētam (1) – *poet*
puer, puerum (2) – *boy*
(Stems are underlined)

Noun Endings

	<u>I.</u>	<u>Sing.</u>	<u>Plur.</u>	<u>II.</u>	<u>Sing.</u>	<u>Plur.</u>	<u>III.</u>	<u>Sing.</u>	<u>Plur.</u>
<u>Nom.</u>		-a	-ae		-us†	-ī		*	-ēs
<u>Dat.</u>		-ae	-īs		-ō	-īs		-ī	-ibus
<u>Acc.</u>		-am	-ās		-um	-ōs		-em	-ēs

† Exception: stems in **-r**, such as **puer**, drop **-us**.

* No ending is used.

	<i>Nom. Sing.</i>	<i>Dat. Sing.</i>	<i>Acc. Sing.</i>	<i>Nom. Plur.</i>	<i>Dat. Plur.</i>	<i>Acc. Plur.</i>
1. “actor”	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
2. “father”	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
3. “poet”	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
4. “boy”	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Give the meaning of Latin word and identify the *case* and *number* (singular or plural).

1. *poetae*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
2. *poetam*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
3. *puerī*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
4. *actōrēs*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
5. *patrem*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
6. *actōribus*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
7. *patrī*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
8. *poetas*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
9. *puerōs*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
10. *pater*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
11. *patrēs*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
12. *poeta*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
13. *patribus*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____

Learn the meaning and declension (*nom., dat. & acc., sing. & plur.*) of the following nouns:

āctor, actōrem (3) – actor
pater, patrem (3) – father

poēta, poētam (1) – poet
puer, puerum (2) – boy
 (Noun stems are underlined)

There will be ten problems in the following format:

Give the appropriate Latin nominative, dative, or accusative forms, as required:

1. “poets” (*subject*): _____
2. “to a poet”: _____
3. “boys” (*direct object*): _____
4. “poets” (*direct object*): _____
5. “for a father”: _____
6. “for the poets”: _____
7. “the poet” (*direct object*): _____
8. “a boy” (*subject*): _____
9. “actors” (*direct object*): _____
10. “to a boy”: _____
11. “for the actors”: _____
12. “a poet” (*subject*): _____
13. “boys” (*subject*): _____
14. “for the actors”: _____
15. “an actor” (*subject*): _____
16. “the father” (*direct object*): _____

Memorize the following equations:

Subject = nominative
“to” or “for” = dative
Direct Object = accusative

Worksheet: Review**āctor, actōrem** (3): actor**filius, filium** (2): son**pater, patrem** (3): father**poēta, poētam** (1): poet**puer, puerum** (2): boy**puella, puellam** (2): girl

(Noun stems are underlined)

Noun Endings

I.	<u>Sing.</u>	<u>Plur.</u>	II.	<u>Sing.</u>	<u>Plur.</u>	III.	<u>Sing.</u>	<u>Plur.</u>
<u>Nom.</u>	-a	-ae		-us†	-ī		*	-ēs
<u>Dat.</u>	-ae	-īs		-ō	-īs		-ī	-ibus
<u>Acc.</u>	-am	-ās		-um	-ōs		-em	-ēs

† Exception: stems in **-r**, such as **puer**, drop **-us**.

* No ending is used.

Complete the following table:

	<i>Nom. Sing.</i>	<i>Dat. Sing.</i>	<i>Acc. Sing.</i>	<i>Nom. Plur.</i>	<i>Dat. Plur.</i>	<i>Acc. Plur.</i>
1. "actor"	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
2. "son"	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
3. "father"	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
4. "poet"	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
5. "boy"	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
6. "girl"	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Give the meaning of Latin word and identify the case and number (singular or plural).

- puellae*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
- filiī*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
- puerō*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
- poētīs*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
- filiōs*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
- actōrī*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
- puellās*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
- filiīs*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
- puerī*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
- pater*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
- patribus*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
- poētās*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____

Learn the meaning and declension (*nom., dat. & acc., sing. & plur.*) of the following nouns:

āctor, āctōrem (3)

filius, filium (2)

pater, patrem (3)

poēta, poētam (1)

puer, puerum (2)

puella, puellam (2)

Give the Latin nominative, dative and accusative forms as required:

1. "actor" *nominative plural*: _____
2. "sword" *dative singular*: _____
3. "father" *accusative plural*: _____
4. "poet" *nominative singular*: _____
5. "boy" *dative plural*: _____
6. "girl" *accusative singular*: _____
7. "actor" *dative singular* : _____
8. "son" *dative plural*: _____
9. "father" *accusative singular*: _____
10. "poet" *nominative plural*: _____
11. "boy" *dative singular*: _____
12. "girl" *accusative plural*: _____
13. "actor" *dative plural*: _____
14. "son" *accusative singular*: _____
15. "father" *dative singular*: _____
16. "poet" *dative singular*: _____
17. "boy" *accusative singular*: _____
18. "girl" *dative plural*: _____
19. "actor" *dative singular*: _____
20. "son" *nominative plural*: _____
21. "father" *dative plural*: _____
22. "poet" *dative plural*: _____
23. "boy" *accusative plural*: _____
24. "girl" *dative singular*: _____

Give the appropriate Latin noun form for the **underlined** word in each sentence:

1. "The **boys** hear the poet." : _____
2. "The **girls** are helping their father." : _____
3. "The man is calling his **sons**." : _____
4. "The girls are watching the **actor**." : _____
5. "The **sons** are working in the garden." : _____
6. "The girls hear the **poet**." : _____
7. "The **father** is in the house." : _____
8. "The actors are **boys**." : _____
9. "The **actors** are sitting in the garden." : _____
10. "The mother shows her work to her **son**." : _____
11. "The boys are doing this for their **father**." : _____
12. "The girl gives the **boy** a rose." : _____
13. "The actors give coins to the **boys**." : _____
14. "This boy is my **son**." : _____
15. "The **girls** are looking at the poet." : _____
16. "The **boy** sits in the garden." : _____
17. "The boys watch the **actor**." : _____
18. "The boys are looking for a gift for their **fathers**." : _____
19. "The **slaves** call the master." : _____
20. "I am not a **poet**." : _____
21. "Her **father** is not at home." : _____
22. "The boy is very close to his **father**." : _____
23. "You **actors** have many friends." : _____
24. "Those boys are unfriendly to my **sons**." : _____
25. "The slaves make dinner for the **boys**." : _____
26. "The girls show the gift to their **father**." : _____