

Cambridge Stage 17
Worksheet: Genitive Case

Nouns

poēta, poētam (1)
(poet)

puella, puellam (1)
(girl)

puer, puerum (2)
(boy)

servus, servum (2)
(slave)

actor, actōrem (3)
(actor)

pater, patrem (3)
(father)

(Noun stems are underlined)

Noun Endings

	<u>I.</u>	<u>Sing.</u>	<u>Plur.</u>	<u>II.</u>	<u>Sing.</u>	<u>Plur.</u>	<u>III.</u>	<u>Sing.</u>	<u>Plur.</u>
<u>Nom.</u>		-a	-ae		-us†	-ī		*	-ēs
<u>Gen.</u>		-ae	-ārum		-ī	-ōrum		-is	-um
<u>Dat.</u>		-ae	-īs		-ō	-īs		-ī	-ibus
<u>Acc.</u>		-am	-ās		-um	-ōs		-em	-ēs

† Exception: stems in **-r**, such as **puer**, drop **-us**.

* No ending is used.

Singular

	<i>Nominative</i>	<i>Genitive</i>	<i>Dative</i>	<i>Accusative</i>
1. "poet"	_____	_____	_____	_____
2. "girl"	_____	_____	_____	_____
3. "boy"	_____	_____	_____	_____
4. "slave"	_____	_____	_____	_____
5. "actor"	_____	_____	_____	_____
6. "father"	_____	_____	_____	_____

Plural

	<i>Nominative</i>	<i>Genitive</i>	<i>Dative</i>	<i>Accusative</i>
1. "poet"	_____	_____	_____	_____
2. "girl"	_____	_____	_____	_____
3. "boy"	_____	_____	_____	_____
4. "slave"	_____	_____	_____	_____
5. "actor"	_____	_____	_____	_____
6. "father"	_____	_____	_____	_____

Rule: Stem + Ending

Learn the meaning and declension of the following nouns:

actor, actōrem (3): *actor*
pater, patrem (3): *father*
poēta, poētam (1): *poet*

puella, puellam (1): *girl*
puer, puerum (2): *boy*
servus, servum (2): *slave*

Give the appropriate case forms of the following Latin nouns:

1. poets (*subject*): _____
2. for a girl : _____
3. of boys : _____
4. poets' : _____
5. for the father : _____
6. an actor (*direct object*): _____
7. the poets (*direct object*): _____
8. a slave's : _____
9. for actors : _____
10. of a girl : _____
11. actors (*subject*): _____
12. a father's : _____
13. for slaves : _____
14. of an actor : _____
15. of poets : _____
16. to the fathers : _____
17. an actor (*subject*): _____
18. boys' : _____
19. of the actors : _____
20. a father (*direct object*): _____
21. the slaves (*direct object*): _____
22. a father's : _____
23. for the poets : _____
24. a girl's : _____

Give the meaning of Latin word and identify the *case* and *number* (singular or plural).

1. *poëtae*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
 meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
 meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
2. *puellīs*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
3. *puerī*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
 meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
4. *actōrēs*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
 meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
5. *patrum*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
6. *actōribus*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
7. *patrī*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
8. *poëtas*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
9. *puerōs*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
10. *patris*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
11. *patrēs*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
 meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
12. *poëta*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
13. *patribus*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
14. *servōrum*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
15. *patrem*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
16. *actōris*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
17. *pater*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____
18. *puellās*: meaning? _____ case? _____ number? _____

Memorize the following equations:

direct object = Accusative
subject = Nominative
“to” or “for” = Dative
“of” or possessive = Genitive